



# JavaScript The Tough Parts.

**Guilherme Scotti** 





## "True mastery means understanding the core principles and building up from them."

William Sentance

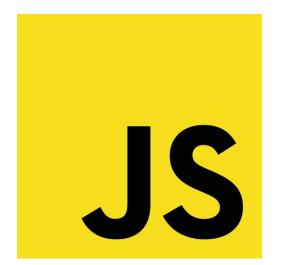
## bit.ly/scotti-quiz



### • JavaScript Under the Hood

- Execution Context e Lexical Environment
- Hoisting
- Lexical Scope
- Closure

## **Hybrid Language**



### **Compiled Language**

#### **Interpreted Language**

# "JavaScript is a lightweight, interpreted language"

```
}).done(function(response) {
            for (var i = 0; i < response.length; i++) {</pre>
                var layer = L_marker(
                    [response[i] latitude, response[i] longitude]
                    // ,{icon: myIcon}
                ):
                layer.addTo(group);
                layer_bindPopup(
                    "" + "Species: " + response[i] species + "
                    "" + "Description: " + response[i].descrip1
                    "" + "Seen at: " + response[i].latitude + "
                    "" + "On; " + response[i].sighted_at + "
            3
            $('select').change(function() {
                species = this value:
            });
        3):
    }
$ a jax({
            unl: queryURL,
            method: "GET"
        }).done(function(response) {
            for (var i = 0; i < response length; i++) {</pre>
                var layer = Limarker(
                    [response[i] latitude, response[i] longitude]
                    // ,{icon: myIcon}
                );
                layer.addTo(group);
```



"Execution Context is

defined as the

environment in which

the JavaScript code is

executed."

Rupesh Mishra

Compilation or Creation PhaseExecution Phase

## HOISTING

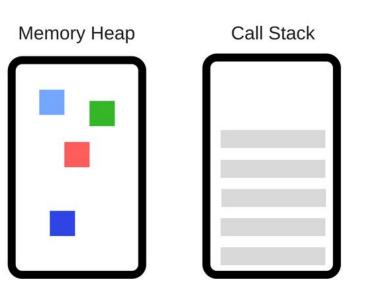
## Declarations of variables and functions being "moved to top of your code"



"Hoisting refers to the default behavior of Javascript to process and put all variables and functions declarations into Lexical Environment during compile phase of its execution context"

Maya Shavin

JS



**Lexical Environment** is a **data structure** that holds identifier-variable mapping on the **memory heap**.

say("Hello"); //Hello
console.log(world); // world is undefined

```
function say(hello) {
  console.log(hello);
}
```



#### Arrow Functions







#### console.log(x);

#### let x = "Hello";

## "All declarations in JavaScript function, var, let, const even classes, **are hoisted** at the compiler phase"

pridoe

Sukhjinder Arora

## Temporal Dead Zone (TDZ)



## "TDZ it's a reserved memory space where declarations of ES6 **remain until they are initialized**"

#### Porque TDZ existe?

As far as I'm concerned the motivating feature for TDZs is to **provide a rational semantics for const**.

#### Allen Wirfs-Brock Chief Project Editor ES6



## const words = "Hello TDC"; words = "Bye TDC"; // Type error

## const words = ["Hello", "TDC"]; words[0] = "bye"; // ['Bye','TDC'];



## "A language with **only let and var** would have been simpler then what we ended up with"

#### Allen Wirfs-Brock Project Editor ES6



# Function Declaration === Function Expressions ? function hello() {} const hello = ()=>{}

hello();

world();

var hello = function() {
 console.log("Hello");
};
const world = () => console.log("world");

#### Vantagem do hoisting nas functions?

```
Mutual recursion
                 a() -> b() -> c() -> a()
                                 function a(x) {
const a = x \Rightarrow \{
                                   if (x > 20) return x;
 if (x > 20) return x;
                                   return b(x + 2);
 const b = x => {
   const c = x => \{
     return a(x * 2);
                                 function b(x) {
                                   return c(x) + 1;
   return c(x) + 1;
                                 function c(x) {
  return b(x + 2);
                                   return a(x * 2);
```

**Lexical Scope** 

```
var speaker = "Guilherme";
function name() {
```

console.log(speaker);

// ReferenceError or TDZ error

let speaker = "Scotti";

name();



Closure

A closure is the **combination** of a function and the lexical scope within which that function was declared.



## Closure is when a function is **able to remember and access its lexical scope**.

Kyle Simpson

let for (var i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {</pre> setTimeout(function() { console.log(i); }, 1000); // 55555 // 01234



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